

## The Evening Herald

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KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON  
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### INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS

ISAAC F. MARCOSSON, an American writer of good reputation, recently returned from Europe, where he made an economic study of France and England. In an interview in the New York Times of September 30th Mr. Marcossion said:

"Considering first the determination of England and her allies to be self-contained, it seems certain that after the war England will have a protective tariff, a high protective tariff. England wants everything needed in England to be supplied by England and her colonies. The British want to cut down their imports and keep gold at home. This movement is going forward with tremendous bounds. You will find that before many more months of the war there will be a great falling off in the purchase of munitions in this country, for England and France are more and more making their own. Already many American articles have been practically barred."

There is nothing like war as an educator. Fine theories are blasted to pieces by grim facts. A nation learns that it must depend upon itself. The movement for protection in England is not sentimental or theoretical, but is the exercise of the instinct of self preservation.

"We are melting down millions of English sovereigns and coining them into American money," said the director of the mint September 9th, speaking at the American Bankers' Association convention at Kansas City, Mo. "I estimate that the amount of gold still to be received by the United States from the allied nations

will be \$400,000,000. The amount of gold received up to date is over \$750,000,000."

Naturally England is trying to stop this drain of gold. It will diminish the purchase of American goods as fast as possible, and establish a protective tariff system as soon as the public can be made to see the fallacy and danger of the free trade system.

While England, the greatest commercial nation in the world, is coming to the protective tariff as a dire necessity, the democratic president of the United States blissfully sees the inflow of war gold and proclaims the fallacy of protection. He wants more and more free trade, and he begins by throwing open the American market without obtaining any equivalent concessions in other markets. Two-thirds of all the goods imported in the United States are on the free list. There is neither protection to American industry and labor, or revenue to the government. The gigantic market of the United States is handed over, a free gift, to the foreign employers of cheap labor.

How long can the United States stand such an arrangement after the war, when England and Europe's soldiers are transformed into producers of manufactures? With Europe's markets closed to Americans, and America's markets open to Europeans which direction would the flow of gold take across the Atlantic?

Charles E. Hughes stands for a protective tariff, shielding American industry and American labor. Woodrow Wilson stands for free trade, subjecting American industry and American labor to the unrestricted competition of foreign cheap labor goods.

### SALT PLANTS TO BE BUILT WITHIN MONTH

LAKEVIEW, Oct. 11.—Construction of the first unit of the plants which will extract potassium salts from the waters of Sumner and Albert lakes will be begun within thirty days, according to Jason C. Moore of New York, one of the two in the Oregon state land board as a guarantee of his good faith, and has been allowed until December 15 to raise \$25,000 to construct the plant at the lakes. No further extension of time will be granted.

Life insurance written in the "Dividend paying company of America." Chilcote. 26

## He Invented the Tank



COL. SWINTON

Colonel Swinton of the British army is the inventor and builder of the first "tank," the adapted American tractor, which has been used against the Germans.

## WHY I AM FOR HUGHES

By ARTURR CAPPER,

Governor of Kansas

Kansas folks, as a rule, are no longer deeply agitated over mere party success. At least, they don't lock upon that as the chief end and aim of existence. They are just as loyal to fundamental political principles as their fathers were, but they have pretty generally decided that clap-trap and redfire and demagogic rant do not constitute patriotism.

I am not going to attempt to tell all the reasons why Hughes should be elected, but this is the way we feel about it in Kansas:

We are going to give Hughes a plurality in our state of close to 100,000 votes.

And we know why we are going to do it.

In the first place, Kansas folks are more interested in results than in any fine-spun theories about government. They want to get things done.

They want for president of the United States not merely a disciple of Hamilton or of Jefferson—not merely a follower of Cleveland or McKinley—but a man who can fill the job.

We think this is particularly important for the next four years. We are not getting together and passing resolutions that "view with alarm" or that "despair of the republic," or anything like that, but we do know that this nation has a lot of new ground to break in the immediate future, and we want a man on the job who knows what we want, and who knows what he wants, and who will stay put.

We want a man who will stand hitherto without getting the balking habit.

We want a man who has insight and foresight—rather than hindsight, as we say.

A man of keen perception, of courage, of determination; a man whom Mexico, and the allies, and Germany, and the rest of the world will hear the first time he speaks.

A man who will keep us out of war without giving us the wobbles; a man who will maintain peace and retain honor and respect. In short, we want a man big enough for the job—the biggest job in the world.

And we've looked the field over; and the man for us is Hughes.

We can't help thinking of the new problems and the new dangers that the next few years will bring. Our foreign relations resulting from our new place among the nations; our domestic problems—always complicated, but made a hundred fold more complex by the social and economic revolutions in Europe—will bring situations as serious as any faced by Washington and Lincoln. The high tide of prosperity, due entirely to the debauch of barbarity in Europe, will recede. The Kansas farmer knows where his good prices come from, and he knows they are not due to any act of the present administration.

When the crash comes?

We realize that we must prepare industrially and economically for that time. And the more we look at the democratic administration the less we're inclined to trust to it the job of preparing.

Its bungled tariff law, its burlesque tariff commission, its \$8,000,000 a day appropriations, its pork barrel wallow, its 30,000 new offices, its broken pledges, its rape of the civil service law, and its vacillating policies on every important issue, do not appeal to the people of Kansas.

On the other hand, Hughes has never been found wanting in courage

## DANIELS DENIES A COAST PATROL

SAYS DESTROYERS ARE OUT IN OCEAN ONLY TO ASSIST IN RESCUE WORK AFTER SUBMARINING OF SUNDAY

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels today denied that he proposed the establishment of a neutrality patrol along the Atlantic coast to protect American rights.

Secretary Daniels declared that the torpedo boat destroyers were now out merely to help save the lives of survivors of the steamers wrecked by German submarines Sunday.

Brighten up the home these cold, snappy evenings with music. The best in records can be heard at Shepherd's, the Record Headquarters, next door to postoffice. 4-11

### Two Submarines Sunk

United Press Service.  
CHRISTIANA, Oct. 11.—News here reports that a Russian destroyer sank two German submarines and crippled a third off the Murman coast.

Mending Shoes is sometimes an important work to do it right. Our repair department is the most modern and perfectly equipped in town—Modern Shoe Repair Store, 721 Main. 10

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Be wise. Aetna-ize. See Chilcote. 26

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—and yet they're MILD

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## 308 X YES IS A VOTE FOR YOUR CHILDREN

### ONE NORMAL NOT ENOUGH

Oregon has but one Normal School. This school is located at Monmouth. Excellent as is the work of this school it is utterly unable to supply but a small part of the need for trained teachers for the State.

Of more than 6,000 school teachers in the public schools of Oregon, but 13 per cent have been trained for their profession of teaching in Normal Schools.

It is a well established fact that our one Normal School cannot supply the needs of the entire state.

That is why we ask for your work and vote for the proposed Eastern Oregon State Normal School at Pendleton, Oregon.

### GIVE EASTERN OREGON SQUARE DEAL

Eight counties in the Willamette Valley have employed during the past five years, 253 teachers who have graduated from the Monmouth Normal as against 30 Monmouth Normal School graduates for the eight leading counties of Eastern Oregon.

During the past five years the attendance of students from nine Willamette Valley counties was 877 students as against 81 students from nine of the leading counties of Eastern Oregon.

Owing to the crowded condition of our one Normal at Monmouth and also the distance and expense of attending, students from Eastern Oregon are compelled to go to neighboring states to secure their training as teachers.

### ONLY COSTS 4 CENTS PER \$1,000

The annual maintenance cost of the proposed State Normal School in Eastern Oregon amounts to but one eighth of a mill or 4 cents on a thousand dollars of taxable property. Isn't it worth this to have your children trained to become useful and productive citizens?

### STRONG ENDORSEMENTS

Among those who strongly endorse the establishment of the proposed Eastern Oregon Normal School are Governor Withycombe, J. H. Ackerman, President of the Monmouth State Normal; W. J. Kerr, President of the Oregon Agricultural College; P. L. Campbell, President of the State University; Robert C. French, former President of the Western Normal, and practically all of the leading educators of the State. J. A. Churchill, Superintendent of Public Instruction, voices the sentiments of those who are most familiar with the need of more adequate Normal facilities when he says:

"Oregon's greatest need for its rural schools is the teacher who has had full preparation to do her work. Such preparation can best come through Normal School training."

"I trust that the voters of the state will assist in raising the standard of our schools by establishing a State Normal School at Pendleton. The location is central, the interest of the people of Pendleton in education most excellent, and the large number of pupils in the public schools will give ample opportunity to students to get the amount of teaching practice required in a standard normal school."

All the above educators insist that a Standard Normal School must be located in a town of 5000 or more population and having enough grade pupils for teaching practice.

### VOTE RIGHT

By voting YES for No. 308 you will help to give to the school children of Oregon the same advantages enjoyed by the school children of our neighboring states.

Vote YES for No. 308.

Eastern Oregon State Normal School Committee

By J. M. Gwinn, Secy., Pendleton, Ore.

(Paid advertisement)